JS3 HISTORY CA 1

FEBRUARY 2024

ANSWER ALL QUESTIONS

1. The word "history" comes from the Greek word, historia which mean\_\_\_\_\_
2. History is the analysis and interpretation of the human past based on facts and \_\_\_\_\_\_
3. History can be defined as the study of the past in the light of the present in order to determine the \_\_\_
4. A person who studies history is also referred to as a \_\_\_\_\_\_\_
5. The study of the writing of history and of written histories is known as \_\_\_\_\_
6. TRUE / FALSE: History deals with facts
7. TRUE / FALSE: History relies on evidence
8. TRUE / FALSE: Historical materials can be preserved for future reference
9. TRUE / FALSE: History can be formulated by old people
10. TRUE / FALSE: History is a product of serious research findings
11. TRUE / FALSE: Only historians can tell stories
12. TRUE / FALSE: History is time-based
13. TRUE / FALSE: Historians identify the characters in every past events
14. TRUE / FALSE: The study of history helps us to be aware of the mistakes of the past so as to avoid them for a better future.
15. TRUE / FALSE: The study of history guides us on the careers we should not engage
16. TRUE / FALSE: The study of history helps us to know more about other tribes
17. TRUE / FALSE: The study of history gives us VISA opportunity to travel to another country.
18. TRUE / FALSE: The study of history helps us to get an international job
19. TRUE / FALSE: The study of history helps us to promote our understanding of the contributions made by our various cultures and religion all over the world
20. TRUE / FALSE: History provides fake information.
21. TRUE / FALSE: History registers event in the minds of students.
22. TRUE / FALSE: History provides creates fun for learners.
23. TRUE / FALSE: History generates revenues for the government.
24. TRUE / FALSE: History is not error free, so we make more errors learning history
25. TRUE / FALSE: Knowledge of History makes the white superior to the black.
26. TRUE / FALSE: The study of history makes us to know about earliest civilization
27. TRUE / FALSE: Storytelling could be a work of fiction
28. TRUE / FALSE: History is imagination for creative writings
29. TRUE / FALSE: History is about real events of the past.
30. TRUE / FALSE: Storytelling has been a part of human culture for centuries
31. TRUE / FALSE: Storytelling is considered one of the earliest forms of folk art
32. TRUE / FALSE: Storytelling postdates written language
33. TRUE / FALSE: Storytelling used to pass down traditions, history, and cultural values from one generation to another.
34. TRUE / FALSE: Storytelling used to entertain children only.
35. TRUE / FALSE: Storytelling used to educate
36. TRUE / FALSE: All storytellers are actors and actresses
37. TRUE / FALSE: Storytelling could be real events
38. TRUE / FALSE: Storytelling can be made up.
39. TRUE / FALSE: Storytelling can captivate and engage the listener
40. TRUE / FALSE: Storytelling does not evokes emotions
41. TRUE / FALSE: Storytelling is always about past events
42. TRUE / FALSE: Storytelling is indeed one person telling another person something
43. TRUE / FALSE: Storytelling involves the act of conveying a narrative or a series of events to an audience
44. TRUE / FALSE: Storytelling involves verbal communication.
45. TRUE / FALSE: Storytelling does not encourage students putting themselves in the story or learning from it
46. TRUE / FALSE: Storytelling can be made to scare or warn children.
47. TRUE / FALSE: Oral testimonies from an eye witness is a secondary source of history
48. TRUE / FALSE: Written documents by eye witness is a primary source of history
49. TRUE / FALSE: Tales at moonlight and fables are sources of history
50. TRUE / FALSE: Graphic or audiovisual sources are primary sources of history
51. TRUE / FALSE: Personal journals are primary sources of history
52. TRUE / FALSE: Personal diaries are primary sources of history
53. TRUE / FALSE: Academic journals are primary sources of history
54. TRUE / FALSE: Personal memoirs are secondary sources of history.
55. TRUE / FALSE: Newspaper is an example of secondary source of history
56. TRUE / FALSE: Quoting historian is an example of tertiary source of history
57. TRUE / FALSE: Dictionaries are examples of secondary source of history
58. TRUE / FALSE: Encyclopedia is an example of tertiary source of history
59. TRUE / FALSE: Poems are primary sources of history
60. TRUE / FALSE: Plays are primary sources of history
61. TRUE / FALSE: Interviews are examples of tertiary source of history
62. TRUE / FALSE: Databases are examples of tertiary source of history
63. TRUE / FALSE: Reference materials are examples of tertiary source of history
64. TRUE / FALSE: Sources of history give us an in-depth understanding of things that have happened in the past
65. TRUE / FALSE: Sources of history can be obtained from the point of view of the people who lived through them.
66. TRUE / FALSE: Sources of history can be collections of written document about proposed future events
67. TRUE / FALSE: Michael Jackson music collections are tertiary source of history
68. TRUE / FALSE: JS3 Year 2020 CCA Paintings and Artwork is an example of secondary source of history
69. TRUE / FALSE: Video clip of Heritage excursion to National Arts Theatre in year 2020 is an example of secondary source of history
70. Who is regarded as the "Father of History"?
71. History helps people know much about their own backgrounds, thereby helping them have a sense of \_\_\_\_\_\_\_
72. Literature that passes by word of mouth from one generation to the next is called
73. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_are avenues through which people can access information and facts about past events with respect to people or a place
74. \_\_\_\_\_\_ are facts that are preserved and narrated verbally to other people.
75. A source of history that involves man-made objects that are culturally significant to place and the people who lived or used them in the past is called \_\_\_\_\_
76. A special building or places where historical objects are preserved and stored in order to be useful sources of information in the future is called \_\_\_\_\_\_\_
77. These are first-hand accounts or evidences from the time an event happened is a \_\_\_\_source of history
78. Manuscripts are \_\_\_\_\_\_source of history as they provide direct evidence of events.
79. Artists use \_\_\_\_\_to provide details on nature of society, the dressing , facial tribal marks of people in that particular time.
80. Numismatics is the study of collection of \_\_\_\_\_\_\_used as currencies throughout history.
81. Paleontologists examine the \_\_\_\_\_record to understand the process of evolution.
82. Photographs taken of war victims is a \_\_\_\_source of history
83. National Arts Theatre in Lagos is an example of \_\_\_ source.
84. A collection of historical documents or records providing information about family, a place, institution or group of people is\_\_
85. \_\_\_\_\_\_ are the working materials a historian uses in writing about the past.
86. June 12 public holiday in Nigeria is to honour \_\_\_\_\_\_\_
87. Historical sites are official locations were pieces of political, military, cultural or social history have been preserved due to \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_
88. The Kano ancient city walls were ancient defensive walls built to
89. The Idanre Hills, is an historical site located in the town of Idanre, \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_State in Nigeria.Single choice.
90. An historical site named after a river, and also after a Yoruba goddess is \_\_\_\_
91. The Tafawa Balewa Square also known as Race-Course is a ceremonial ground originally dedicated to\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_race
92. Nigeria's independence was celebrated at the Tafawa Balewa Square and it was Tafawa Balewa gave his speech as the\_\_\_\_\_\_Minister of Nigeria.
93. Badagry Heritage Museum was built in 1863 as the District Officer’s Office by \_\_\_colonial government.
94. Badagry Heritage Museum was  eventually converted into a museum in 2002 and it Located in Umuahia, Abia State, the National War Museum showcases the military history of Nigeria with relics from the Nigerian Civil \_\_\_\_\_
95. The first storey-building in Nigeria was built in the year \_\_\_\_\_
96. \_\_\_\_\_\_, a returnee slave, lived in one of the rooms in the first story building in Nigeria.Single choice.
97. The first storey-building in Nigeria is located in \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_
98. Non- centralized state in  pre-colonial Nigeria include Tiv, Idoma, Ebira, Ibibio, Anaang, Urhobo and the \_\_\_\_\_.
99. The Hausa state, Nupe, Jukun, Bornu, and \_\_\_\_\_\_are centralised states.
100. Letters and diaries are examples of \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_materials.
101. The Ilé Ifé Culture was discovered by \_\_\_\_\_
102. The major ethnic group in Nigeria are
103. The event that took place on January 1914 was \_\_
104. In the year \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_, British colonialists established Northern and Northern protectorates
105. Nigeria became a British protectorate in \_\_\_\_\_\_\_
106. The period of British rule lasted until \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_
107. The Southern Nigeria Protectorate and Northern Nigeria Protectorate were merged in \_\_\_\_\_ under British governor‐general named \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_
108. Britain annexed Lagos in \_\_\_\_\_and established the Oil River Protectorate in 1884
109. \_\_\_\_\_\_, Lord Lugard’s Wife, coined the name Nigeria in 1897.
110. The origin of the name ‘Nigeria’ lies in one of Africa’s most popular rivers, the River \_\_\_
111. The earliest evidence of West African use of Iron comes from \_\_\_\_culture
112. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_is the cradle and spiritual home of the Yorubas.
113. King of Oyo is addresses as \_\_\_\_\_
114. Igbo \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ site is considered to have been a disused or abandoned pit. Single choice.
115. Igbö Culture site that produced the most decorated ornamental pots ever to be made by potter was discovered by \_\_\_\_
116. Igbo-Ukwu has three sites located in adjacent compounds of the three \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ brothers
117. The artefacts in the image below were found in Igbo\_\_\_\_\_\_ site



1. The tribe with the largest percentage of the population in Nigeria is
2. Ile Ifé culture was discovered in the year\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_
3. Accessing sources of history by visiting historical sites is termed \_\_\_\_\_\_
4. We can access sources of history by going to \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ centre’s, where the remains of history or artifacts are displayed.
5. We can have access to written history by visiting the \_\_\_\_\_\_, where historical text books, historical maps etc. are kept.
6. \_\_\_\_\_\_ is an annual festival that people attend to enjoy some sources of history of the communities, and historical materials or artifacts are displayed for visitors to see.
7. The Nok culture is named after\_\_\_\_\_\_people in Kaduna State
8. Nok culture emerged in Nigeria in \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_AD
9. Colonel Dent Young discovered \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_artefact in NOK.
10. The present day country that the Nok people settle in is \_\_\_\_\_\_\_
11. Ife culture existed between \_\_\_\_\_\_century and \_\_century



1. The figurine above is \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_Culture
2. The figurine below is \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_Culture



1. Swahili civilization was in \_\_\_\_\_\_\_Africa
2. What was the largest city in the empire of Mali?
3. Which West African Empire did Mansa Musa rule over?
4. The three major West Africa kingdoms and when they occurrred are Ghana - 11th century, Mali - 14th century and \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_
5. State ONE impact of the trans-Saharan trade routes on Mali?
6. The animal used in Trans Sahara Trade was \_\_\_\_\_\_\_
7. He used an extravagant caravan consisting of 100 camels, thousands of slaves, soldiers, and distrusted gold to display Mali's wealthy when he went on Hajj. This was \_\_\_\_\_\_
8. \_\_\_\_\_\_religion was introduced to Nigeria through the Trans-Saharan trade while \_\_\_religion was introduced through the \_\_\_\_\_\_\_
9. What contributed to the downfall of Ghana?
10. Exchange of goods without using money was the means during Trans Sahara Trade. What is the name of such trade?
11. Why was gold so valuable to Ghana and was used to trade for \_\_\_\_from the north of Africa
12. Why was salt so valuable for domestic use aside for exchange during Trans Sahara Trade?
13. Largest African empire in history was \_\_\_\_\_
14. What was Mansa Musa's impact on his empire?



1. The image above describes \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_
2. Mention one challenge faced by those travellers in the image above.
3. One of the major roles played by Nigerian traditional rulers in British conquest of Nigeria was signing of \_\_\_
4. The British regarded as the father of modern Nigeria was
5. One religious role of missionaries in the amalgamation of Nigeria territories was \_\_\_\_\_\_
6. The motion for self-rule in Nigeria was first moved by \_\_\_\_\_\_